

# 9.8

$$(9.40) E[\ln p(X|Z)] = \sum_{n=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^K \gamma(z_{nj}) \{ \ln \pi_j + \ln N(z_n | \mu_j, \Sigma_j) \}$$

極大点をとる  $\mu_k$  の満たすべき式は

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial \mu_k} = \sum_{n=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^K \gamma(z_{nj}) \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu_k} \ln N(z_n | \mu_j, \Sigma_j) = 0$$

$$\therefore \sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk}) \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu_k} \ln N(z_n | \mu_k, \Sigma_k) = 0$$

と得る。ここで

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \mu_k} \ln N(z_n | \mu_k, \Sigma_k) = \frac{\frac{\partial}{\partial \mu_k} N(z_n | \mu_k, \Sigma_k)}{N(z_n | \mu_k, \Sigma_k)} = \sum_k^{-1} (z_n - \mu_k)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial N}{\partial \mu_k} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu_k} \frac{1}{(2\pi)^n} \frac{1}{|\Sigma_k|^{n/2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} (z_n - \mu_k)^T \Sigma_k^{-1} (z_n - \mu_k) \right\} \\ &= N(z_n | \mu_k, \Sigma_k) \left( -\frac{1}{2} \right) \cdot 2 \sum_k^{-1} (z_n - \mu_k) (-1) \\ &= N(z_n | \mu_k, \Sigma_k) \sum_k^{-1} (z_n - \mu_k) \end{aligned}$$

if  $\mu_k$  の式は

$$\sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk}) \sum_k^{-1} (z_n - \mu_k) = 0$$

と得る

これを

$$\sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk}) (z_n - \mu_k) = 0 \quad \leftarrow \text{両辺に } \Sigma_k \text{ を乗じ、} \gamma(z_{nk}) \text{ は } z_{nk} \text{ の関数である。}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk}) z_n - \mu_k \sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk}) = 0$$

$$\therefore \mu_k = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk}) z_n}{\sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk})} = \frac{1}{N_k} \sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk}) z_n, \quad N_k = \sum_{n=1}^N \gamma(z_{nk}) \quad \dots (9.17), (9.18)$$

と得る。