

$$\frac{\partial \tilde{E}}{\partial \sigma_j} = \sum_i \gamma_j(w_i) \left(\frac{1}{\sigma_j} - \frac{(w_i - \mu_j)^2}{\sigma_j^3} \right) \dots (5.143) \text{ を求める。}$$

--- \mathcal{L}''

$$\tilde{E} = E + \lambda \Omega \dots (5.139) \quad (\sigma^{-2})' = (-2)\sigma^{-3}$$

$$\Omega = - \sum_i \ln \left(\sum_j \pi_j N(w_i | \mu_j, \sigma_j^2) \right) \dots (5.138)$$

$$N(x | \mu, \sigma^2) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x-\mu)^2 \right\} \dots \text{かゝり及ぼす}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial N}{\partial \sigma} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{-1}{\sigma^2} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x-\mu)^2 \right\} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \frac{-1}{2} (-2) \frac{1}{\sigma^3} (x-\mu)^2 \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x-\mu)^2 \right\} \\ &= -\frac{1}{\sigma} N + \frac{(x-\mu)^2}{\sigma^3} N = \left\{ -\frac{1}{\sigma} + \frac{(x-\mu)^2}{\sigma^3} \right\} N \dots \text{かゝり及ぼす} \\ &\quad \text{--- } \mathcal{L}'' \text{ 微分} \end{aligned}$$

--- \mathcal{L}''

$$\frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \sigma_j} = - \sum_i \frac{\pi_j \left\{ -\frac{1}{\sigma_j} + \frac{(w_i - \mu_j)^2}{\sigma_j^3} \right\} N(w_i | \mu_j, \sigma_j^2)}{\sum_i \pi_j N(w_i | \mu_j, \sigma_j^2)}$$

--- \mathcal{L}''

$$\gamma_j(w) = \frac{\pi_j N(w | \mu_j, \sigma_j^2)}{\sum_k \pi_k N(w | \mu_k, \sigma_k^2)} \dots (5.140)$$

--- \mathcal{L}''

$$\frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \sigma_j} = \sum_i \gamma_j(w_i) \left\{ \frac{1}{\sigma_j} - \frac{(w_i - \mu_j)^2}{\sigma_j^3} \right\}$$

$$\# \text{ したがって } \frac{\partial E}{\partial \sigma_j} = 0 \text{ ならば}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial \sigma_j} = \lambda \sum_i \gamma_j(w_i) \left\{ \frac{1}{\sigma_j} - \frac{(w_i - \mu_j)^2}{\sigma_j^3} \right\} \dots (5.143)$$

を得る。